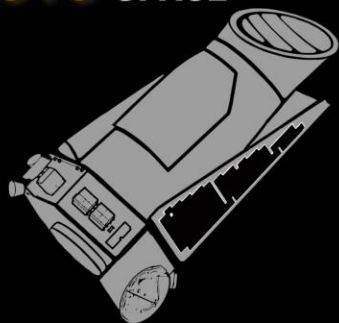


Kepler

BY THE NUMBERS



9.6 YEARS IN SPACE



530,506
STARS OBSERVED

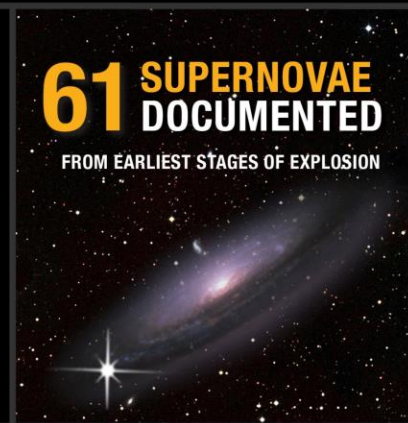


2,662
PLANETS CONFIRMED



61 SUPERNOVAE
DOCUMENTED

FROM EARLIEST STAGES OF EXPLOSION



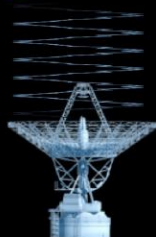
2 MISSIONS
COMPLETED

678 GB SCIENCE DATA COLLECTED

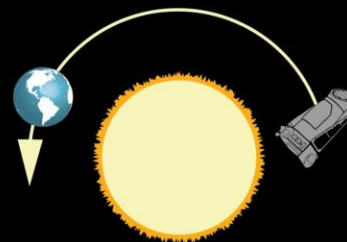
2,946 SCIENTIFIC PAPERS PUBLISHED

94 MILLION MILES AWAY

3.12 GALLONS FUEL USED



732,128
COMMANDS EXECUTED



www.nasa.gov/kepler

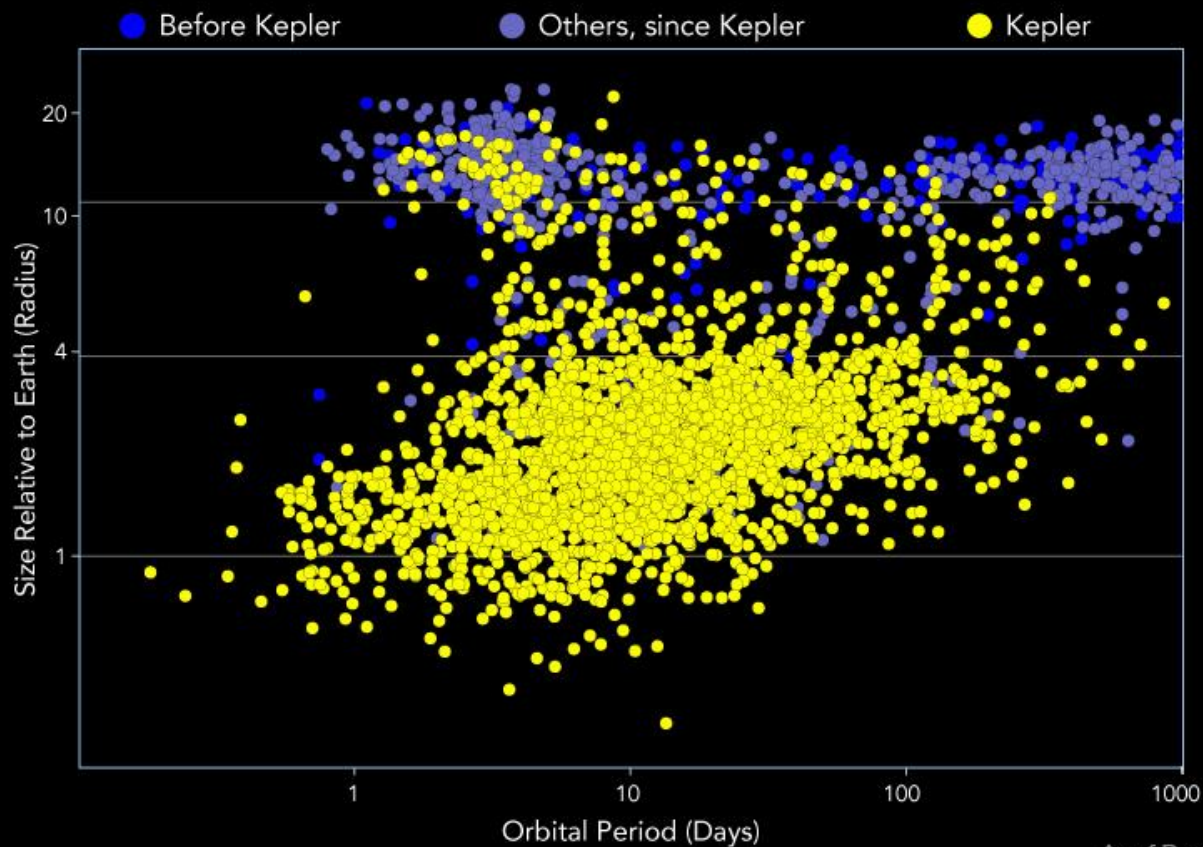
As of October 24, 2018

@NASAKepler

Exoplanet Discoveries

Total
confirmed
exoplanets
= 3,567

Total
Kepler
= 2,525



Jupiter



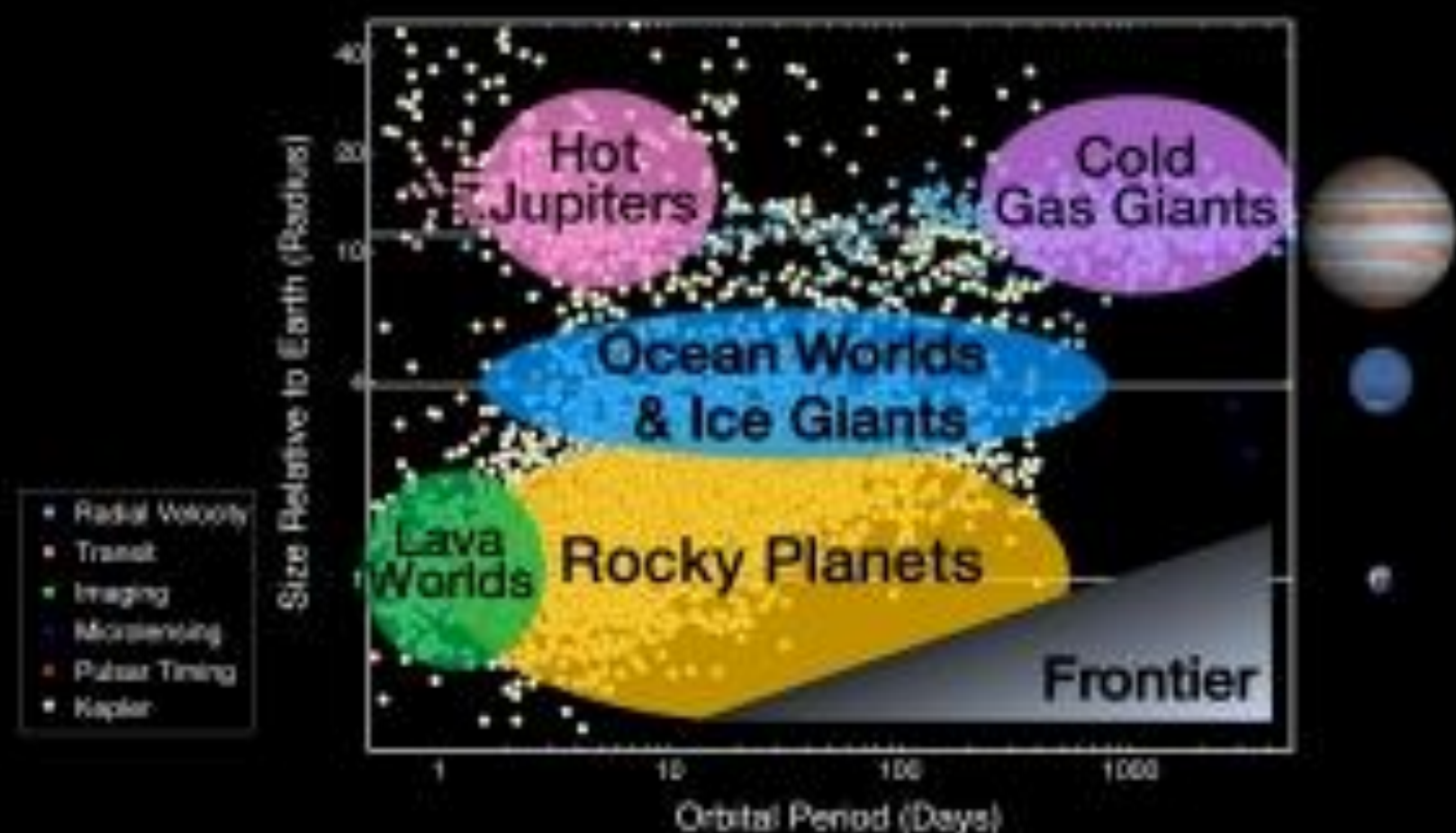
Neptune



Earth

As of December 14, 2017

Exoplanet Populations



Surface Temperature of Star (K)

6500
5500
4500
3500



Earth's Solar System
Inner Planets



Kepler-186 Planets



Kepler-186f

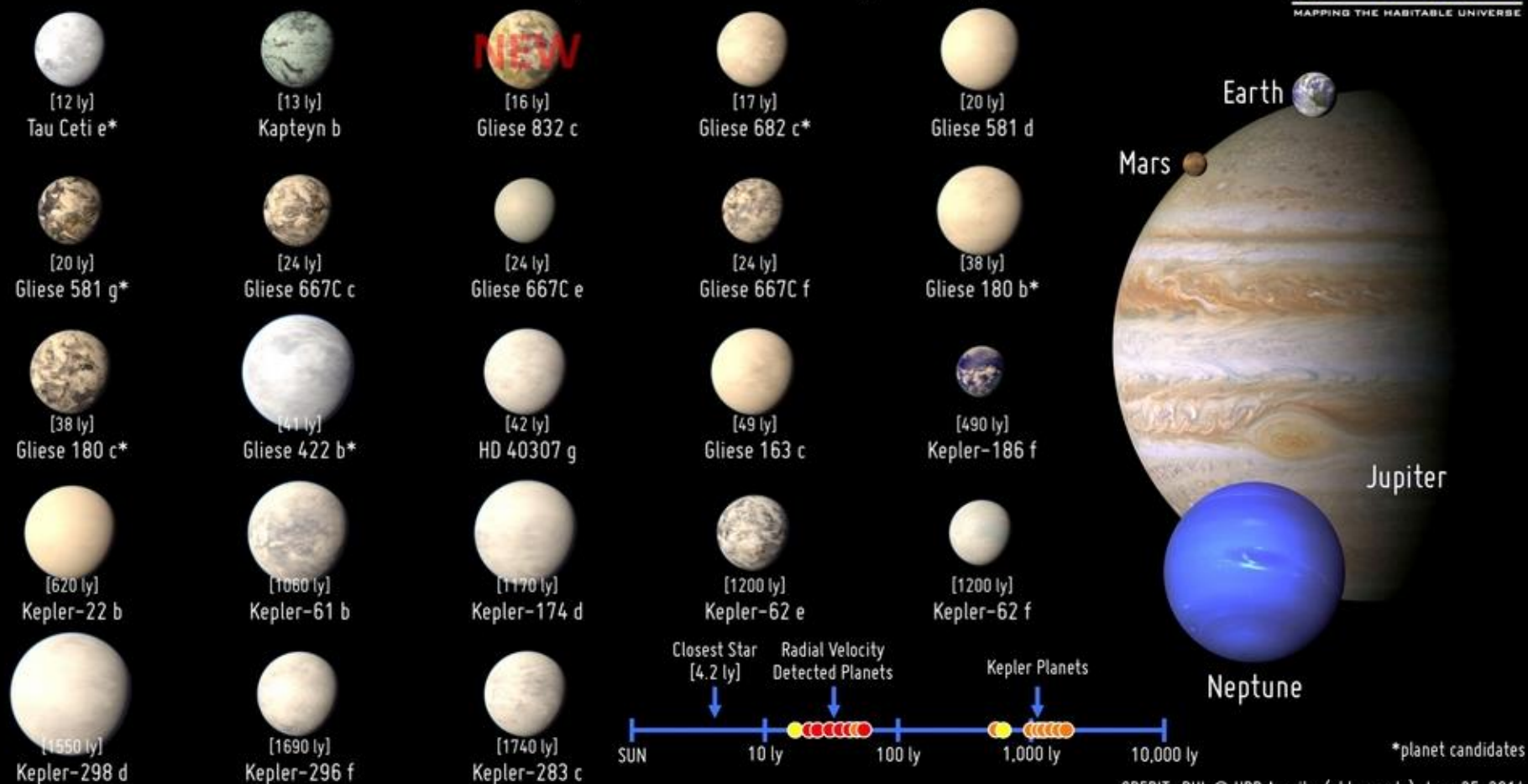
Distance from Star (AU)

0.1

1.0

Current Potentially Habitable Exoplanets

Ranked by Distance from Earth in Light Years (ly)



CREDIT: PHL @ UPR Arecibo (phl.upr.edu) June 25, 2014



[NEWS](#)

[RESULTS](#)

[METHODS](#)

[PRIMER](#)

[RESOURCES](#)

[ABOUT](#)

Last Update: December 5, 2019

Current Number of Potentially Habitable Exoplanets

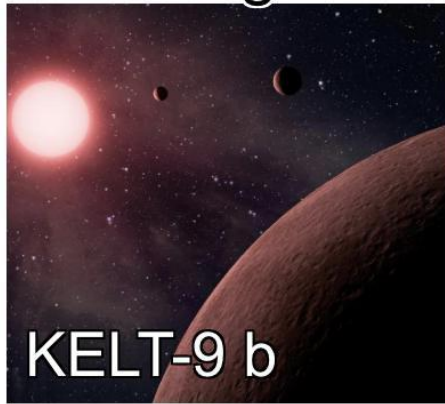
Subterranean (Mars-size)	Terran (Earth-size)	Superterranean (Super-Earth/Mini-Neptunes)	Total
1	20	34	55

subterranean = $0.1 - 0.5 M_E$ or $0.4 - 0.8 R_E$, **terranean** = $0.5 - 5 M_E$ or $0.8 - 1.5 R_E$, **superterranean** = $5 - 10 M_E$ or $1.5 - 2.5 R_E$. M_E = Earth masses, and R_E = Earth radii.

#3

James Webb and planet characterization

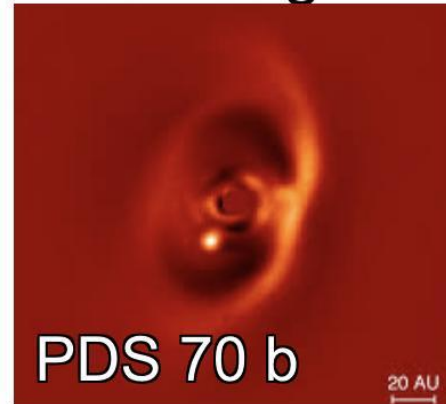
lawful good



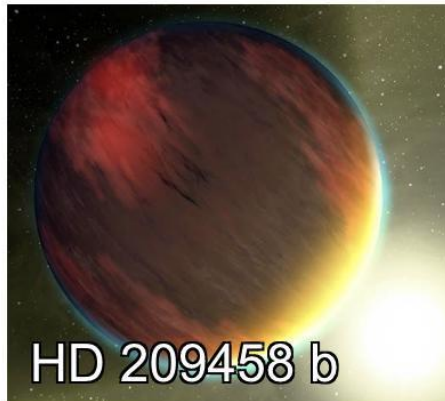
neutral good



chaotic good



lawful neutral



true neutral



chaotic neutral



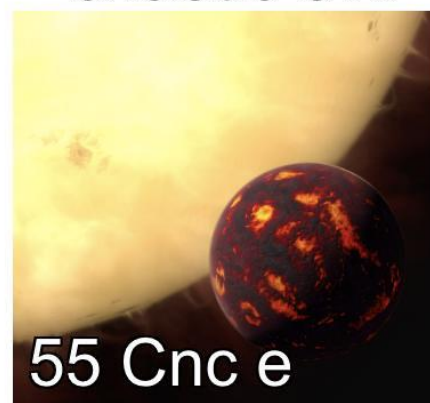
lawful evil

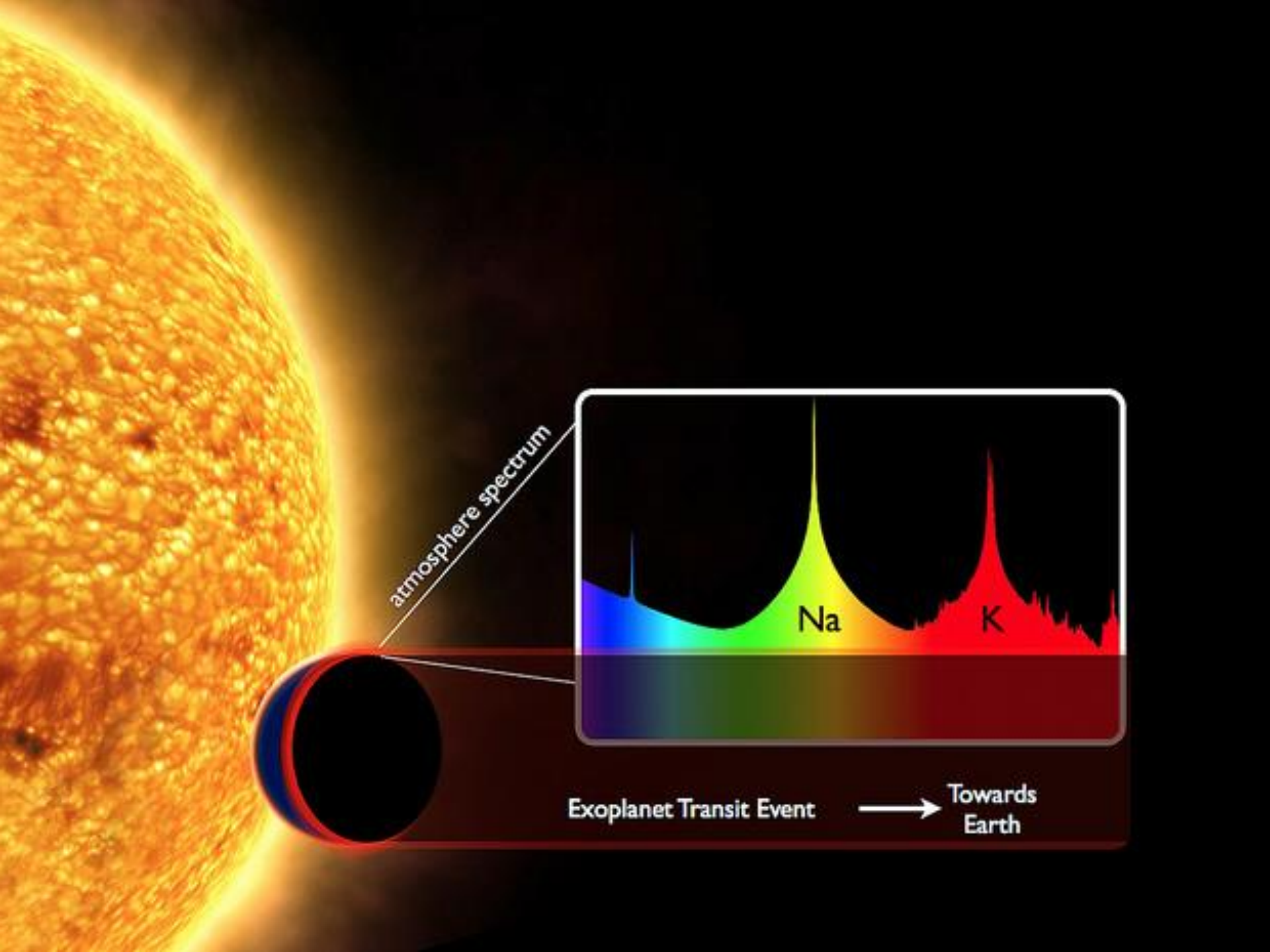


neutral evil



chaotic evil





atmosphere spectrum

Na

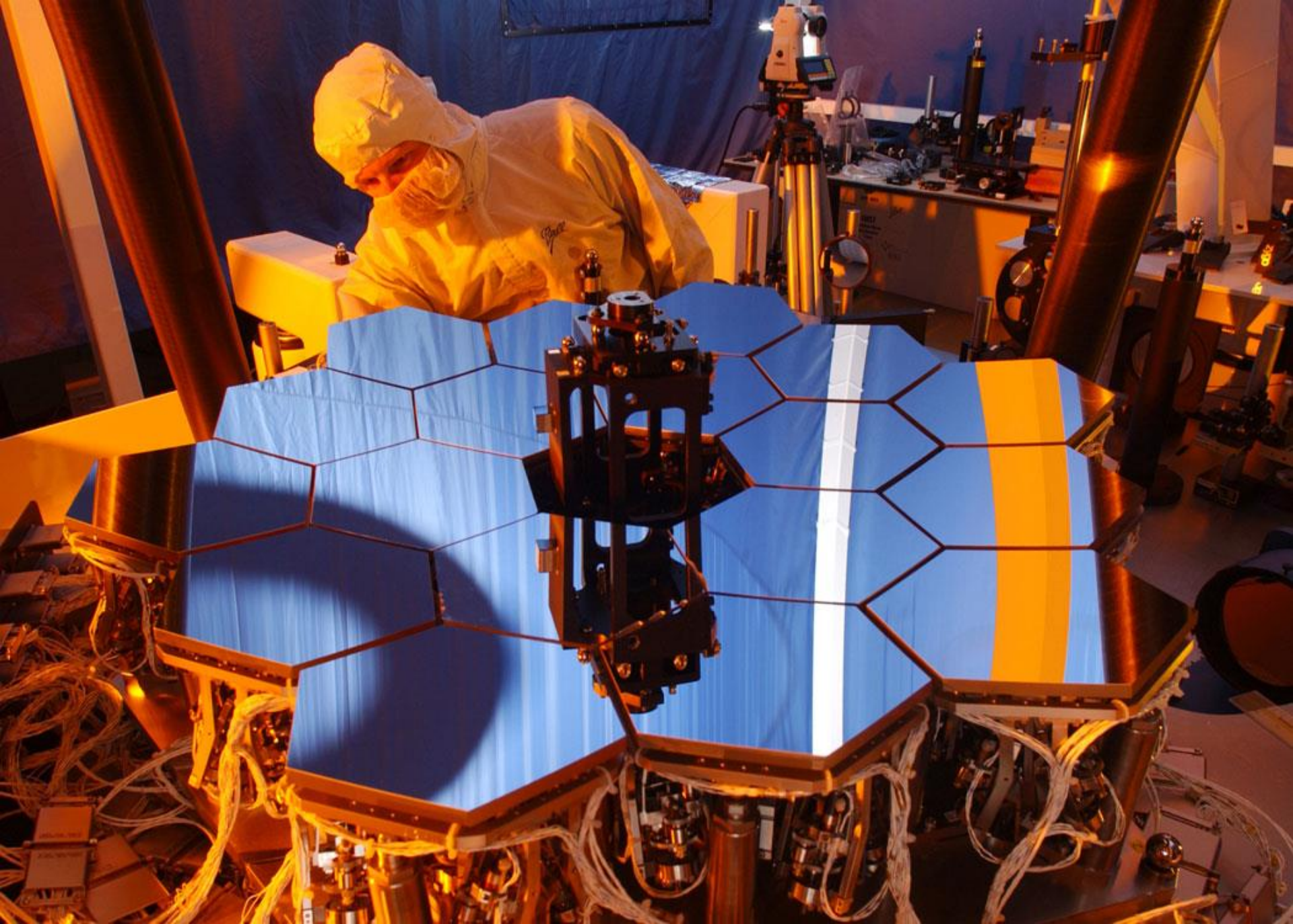
K

Exoplanet Transit Event



Towards
Earth







DETECTION OF AN ATMOSPHERE AROUND THE SUPER-EARTH 55 CANCRI E

A. TSIARAS¹, M. ROCCHETTO¹, I. P. WALDMANN¹, O. VENOT², R. VARLEY¹, G. MORELLO¹, M. DAMIANO^{1,3},
G. TINETTI¹, E. J. BARTON¹, S. N. YURCHENKO¹, AND J. TENNYSON¹

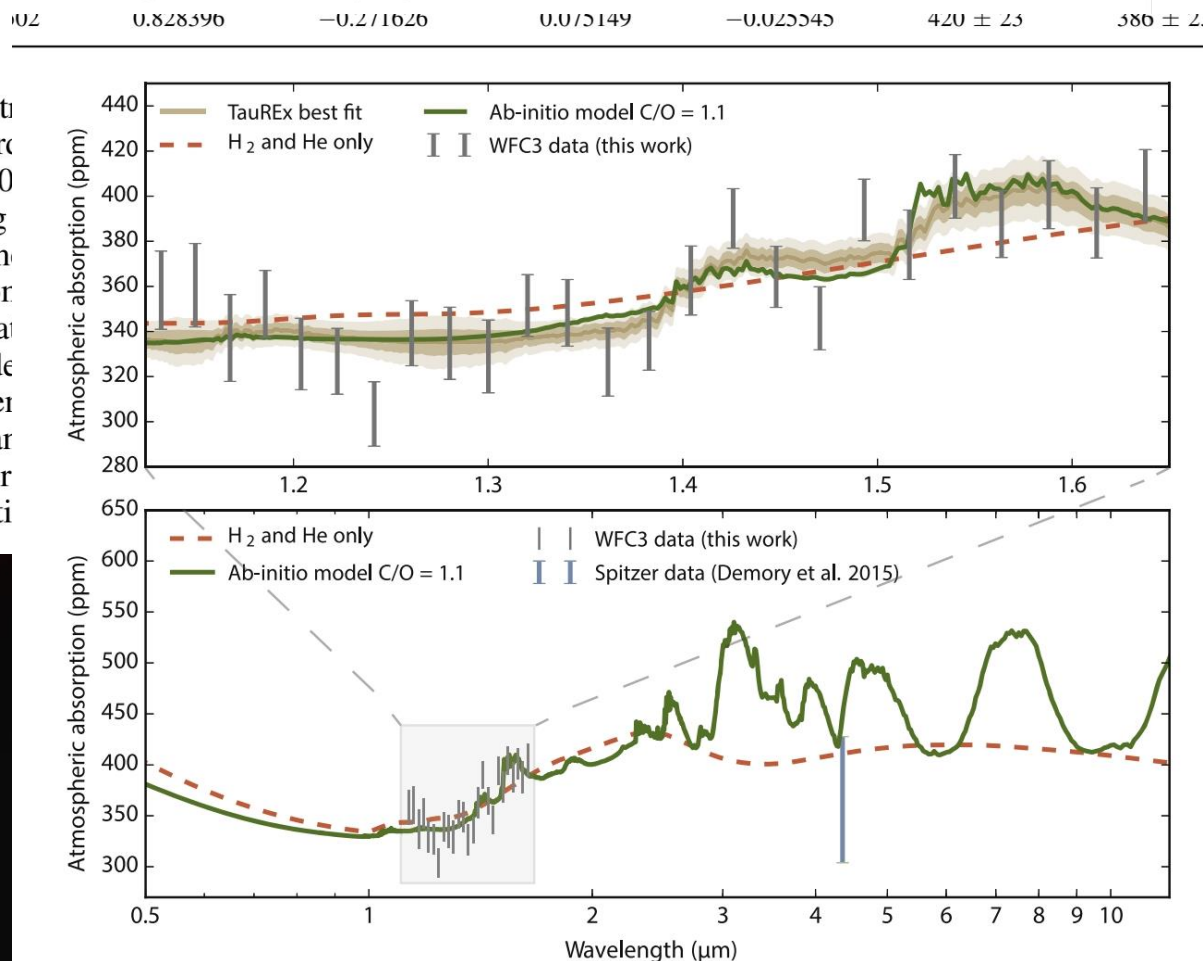
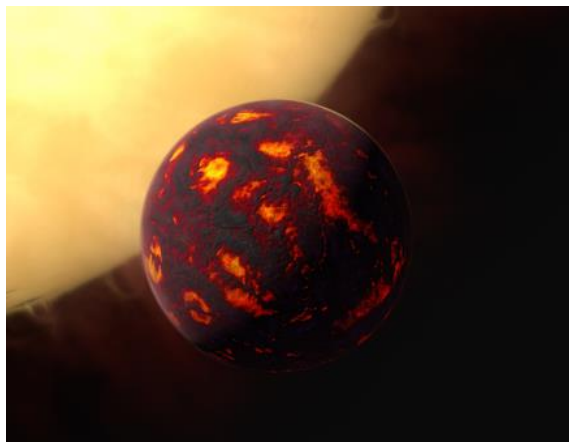
¹Department of Physics & Astronomy, University College London, Gower Street, WC1E6BT London, UK; angelos.tsiaras.14@ucl.ac.uk

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³INAF-Osservatorio Astronomico di Palermo, Piazza del Parlamento 1, I-90134 Palermo, Italy

Received 2015 November 27; accepted 2016 February 5; published 2016 March 24

We report the analysis of two new spectra obtained with the WFC3 camera on board Hubble that temperatures much higher than 200 K were obtained in scanning speed. We use our specialized pipeline parameters when coupled with the geometric wavelength channel with an average relative error of a straight line model with a 6σ confidence interval. The atmosphere, which is probably hydrogen-dominated, contains HCN to be the most likely molecular carbon species. From spectroscopic observations in a broader wavelength range, we discuss here the implications



red transmission spectrum of the hot super-Earth 55 Cancri e (gray error bars), best fit obtained with T -REx (brown line), 1

Water Vapor and Clouds on the Habitable-Zone Sub-Neptune Exoplanet K2-18b

BJÖRN BENNEKE,¹ IAN WONG,^{2,3} CAROLINE PIAULET,¹ HEATHER A. KNUTSON,⁴ JOSHUA LOTHINGER,⁵
CAROLINE V. MORLEY,⁶ IAN J.M. CROSSFIELD,⁷ PETER GAO,^{8,3} THOMAS P. GREENE,⁹ COURTNEY DRESSING,¹⁰
DIANA DRAGOMIR,¹¹ ANDREW W. HOWARD,¹² PETER R. MCCULLOUGH,⁵ ELIZA M.-R. KEMPTON,^{13,14}
JONATHAN J. FORTNEY,¹⁵ AND JONATHAN FRAINE¹⁶

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BENNEKE ET AL.

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⁷*Department of Physics and Astronomy, University of Toronto, Toronto, ON, Canada*

⁸*Department of Physics and Astronomy, University of Toronto, Toronto, ON, Canada*

¹⁰*Department of Physics and Astronomy, University of Toronto, Toronto, ON, Canada*

¹¹*Department of Physics and Astronomy, University of Toronto, Toronto, ON, Canada*

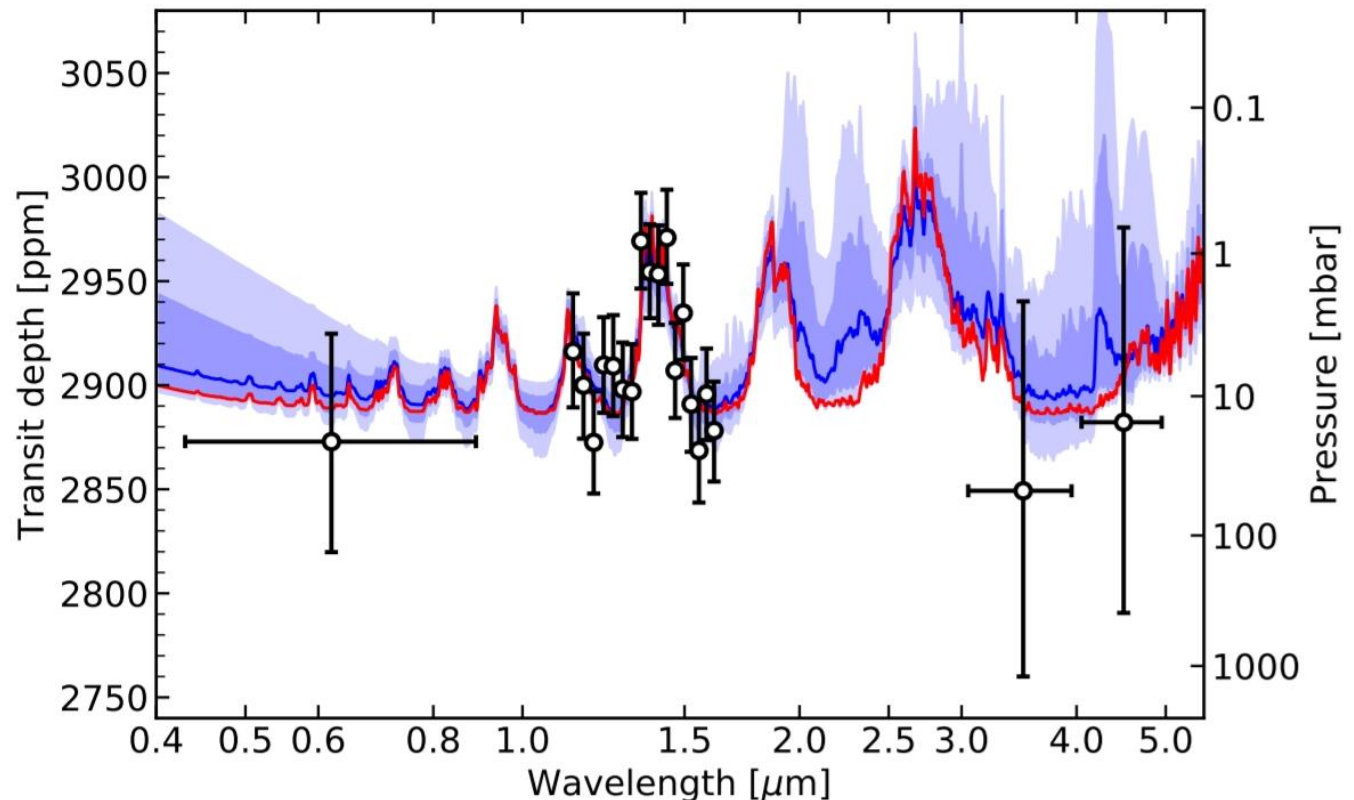
¹²*Department of Physics and Astronomy, University of Toronto, Toronto, ON, Canada*

¹³*Department of Physics and Astronomy, University of Toronto, Toronto, ON, Canada*

¹⁴*Department of Physics and Astronomy, University of Toronto, Toronto, ON, Canada*

¹⁵*Department of Physics and Astronomy, University of Toronto, Toronto, ON, Canada*

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$$N = N_* F_Q F_{HZ} F_O F_L F_S$$

N number of planets with detectable biosignature gases

N_* number of stars within the sample

F_Q fraction of quiet stars

F_{HZ} fraction with rocky planets in the HZ

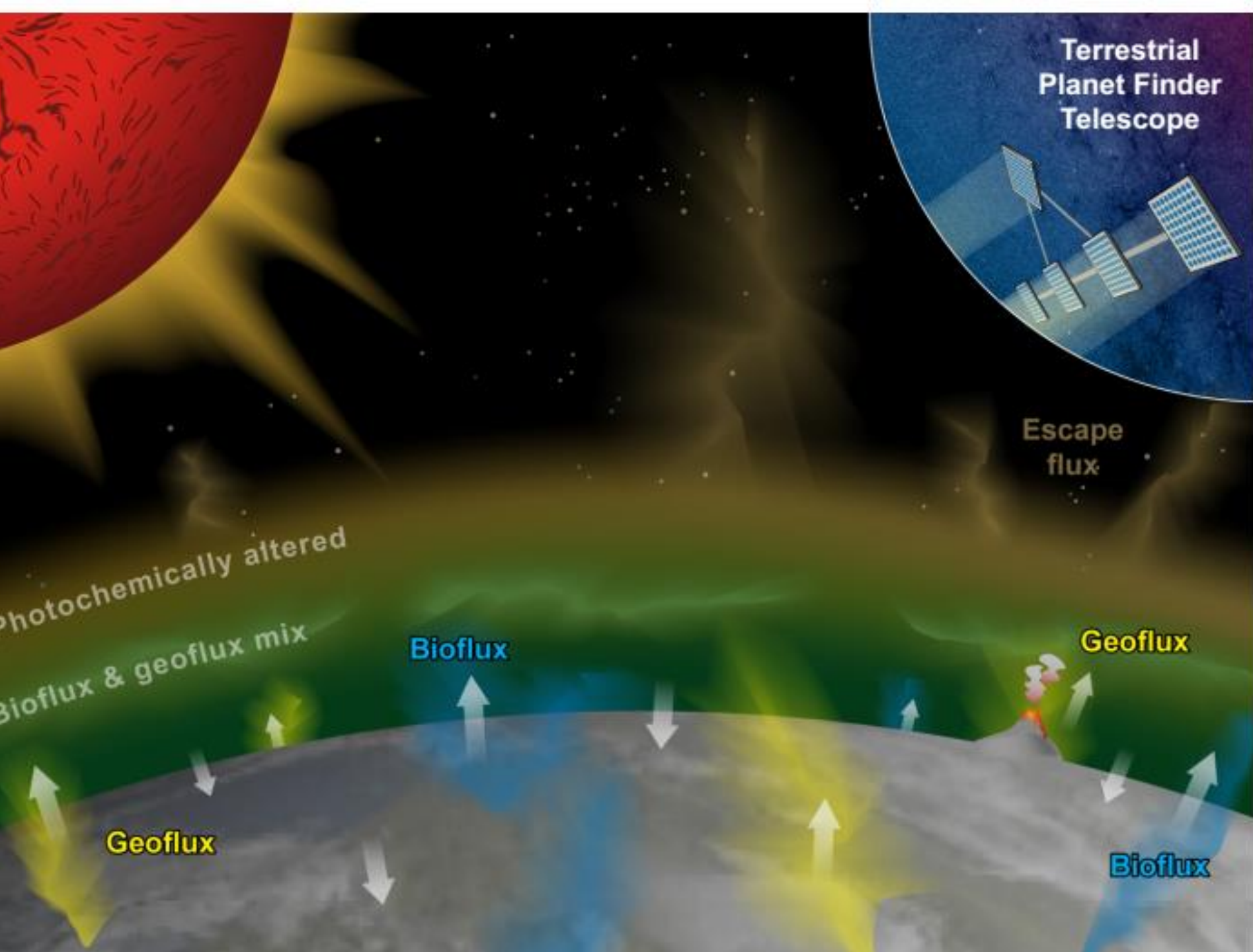
F_O fraction of observable systems

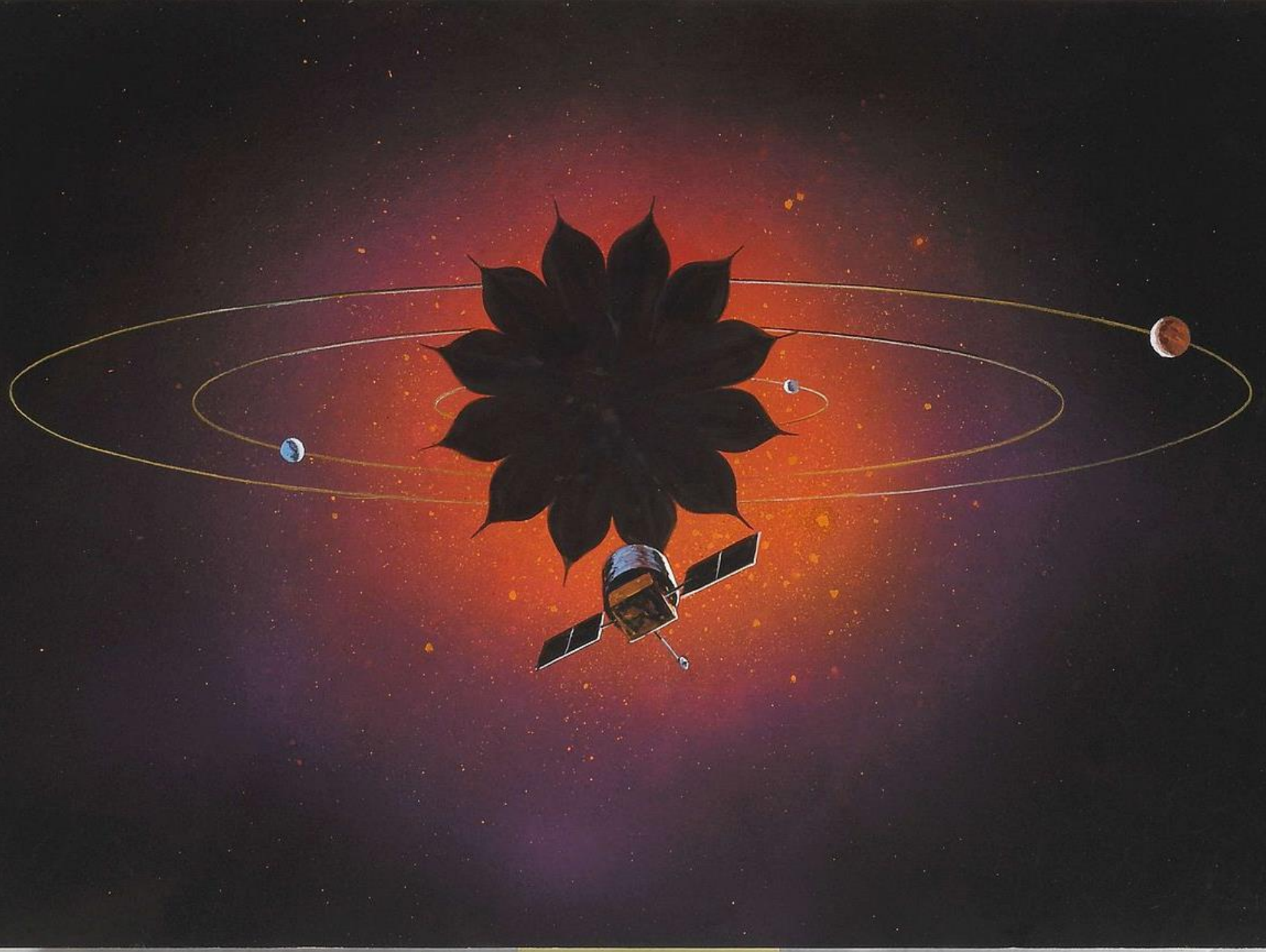
F_L fraction with life

F_S fraction with detectable spectroscopic signatures

A “revised” Drake Equation

For any star types, any well defined survey





$$N = N_* F_Q F_{HZ} F_O F_L F_S$$

Term	M Stars
N_*	30,000
F_Q	(0.2)
F_{HZ}	0.15
F_O	0.001
F_L	1
F_S	0.5
N	2

In summary:

- Better estimates on the number of stars and galaxies
- Vast data on the existence of orbiting planets
- Developing tools to get clearer pictures / characterization
- Possibility of detecting biological signatures on the horizon

XIIIth International Conference
on TORAH and SCIENCE



Sustainability, Resilience *and the* **Torah**

IS THE WORLD AS WE KNOW IT
COMING TO AN END?





Opinions

Are we alone in the universe?

By **Charles Krauthammer**
December 29, 2011

Huge excitement last week. [Two Earth-size planets](#) found orbiting a sun-like star less than a thousand light-years away. This comes two weeks after the stunning announcement of [another planet](#) orbiting another star at precisely the right distance — within the “habitable zone” that is not too hot and not too cold — to allow for liquid water and therefore possible life.

Unfortunately, the planets of the right size are too close to their sun, and thus too scorching hot, to permit Earth-like life. And the Goldilocks planet in the habitable zone is too large. At 2.4 times the size of Earth, it is probably gaseous, like Jupiter.

Modern satellite data, applied to the Drake Equation, suggest that the number should be very high. So why the silence? Carl Sagan (among others) thought that the answer is to be found, tragically, in the final variable: the high probability that advanced civilizations destroy themselves.

In other words, this silent universe is conveying not a flattering lesson about our uniqueness but a tragic story about our destiny. It is telling us that intelligence may be the most cursed faculty in the entire universe — an endowment not just ultimately fatal but, on the scale of cosmic time, nearly instantly so.



4 When I see Your heavens, the work of Your fingers, the moon and stars that You have established,

ד כִּי־אֶרְאֶה שָׁמַיִךְ מַעֲשֵׂה אֶצְבְּעֶיךָ יָרַח וְכּוֹכָבִים אֲשֶׁר כּוֹנְנָתָהּ:

5 what is man that You should remember him, and the son of man that You should be mindful of him?

ה מֶה־אִנוֹשׁ כִּי־תִזְכְּרֵנוּ וּבֶן־אָדָם כִּי תִפְקְדֵנוּ:

6 Yet You have made him slightly less than the angels, and You have crowned him with glory and majesty.

ו וַתַּחַסְרֵהוּ מֵעֵט מַאֲלָהִים וְכְבוֹד וְהָדָר תַּעֲטֶרְהוּ:

7 You give him dominion over the work of Your hands; You have placed everything beneath his feet.

ז תַּמְשִׁילֵהוּ בַּמַּעֲשֵׂי יָדֶיךָ כָּל־שֵׂתָה תַּחַת־רַגְלָיו:

8 Flocks and cattle, all of them, and also the beasts of the field;

ח צֹנֶה וְאֵלֶּפִים כֻּלָּם וְגַם בְּהֵמוֹת שָׂדֵי:

9 the birds of the sky and the fish of the sea, he traverses the ways of the seas.

ט שָׁמַיִם וְדָגֵי הַיָּם עֹבֵר אַרְחוֹת יָמִים:

